

AGENCY.

JAMES M. RUMMOND, Post-master at Tarboro', is Agent for this paper, for Edgecombe and the adjoining counties. Mr. R. will take pleasure in receiving new subscribers and receiving for any money due us in that section.

JOSEPH MASON, Post's Buildings, corner of Hanover and Beaver streets, N. Y., is our agent, for receiving Advertisements in "City," for publication in the Journal. He will also receive subscribers for the same.

62-Mr. JAMES BURCH is our authorized agent to make collections due the "Journal" office in this town and county. We hope when he calls on those who are indebted to us, that they will endeavor to be prepared to liquidate their bills. Mr. BURCH will also receive new subscribers to the "Journal," and give receipts for the same.

WAR NEWS.

We know the anxiety with which our readers will look for news from Genl. Scott's Army. We are really sorry that we have none to communicate. Not a word has reached this place up to this (Thursday) moment, beyond what we published last week, and what will be found in our "extra." Of course General Scott has moved on the City of Mexico, and no doubt has entered that famous place ere this, but no intelligence has reached us. We are daily looking, with the deepest interest, for the next arrival from our Army.

OFFICERS RETURNED.—We have just had the pleasure of an interview with Capt. Wm J. Price, of Company H, (N. Y. Haver) of the North Carolina Regiment, who arrived in this place on yesterday morning. Capt. Price is accompanied by Capt. George Williamson, Jr., of Company F, and 2d Lieut. Tatham.—These officers have been detailed on recruiting service.

Capt. Price left Genl Taylor's camp on the 26th of July. He informs us that at the time of his departure the health of the North Carolina Regiment was very much improved. He says that on the eve of his departure he had an interview with Genl Taylor, in which the old hero informed him that he expected he would move with the army about the 15th of September.

Our friend, the Captain, looks well, and appears in fine spirits.

FIRE.—A fire broke out on Wednesday morning, about 5 o'clock, in the Foundry shop of the Wilmington & Raleigh Rail Road Depot, which, through the exertion of our citizens, was gotten under before it did much serious injury. We cannot ascertain with any certainty how the fire originated. The damage is considerable. We learn that from five to ten hundred dollars will cover the loss.

COL. LOUIS D. WILSON.

Our readers will find in another column the announcement of the death of this distinguished son of North Carolina.

Seldom, indeed, has it been our lot, since we have been connected with the newspaper press, to perform a more melancholy duty than the one now before us—the paying our humble tribute to the memory of one of North Carolina's noblest sons.

The death of such a man as Louis D. Wilson, could not fail, under any circumstances, to be felt as a calamity by the community in which he had lived and acted, but under the peculiar circumstances of Col. Wilson's death, the whole State of North Carolina will deplore that untoward event as a State calamity.

Col. Wilson, for many years past, had filled a no inconsiderable space in the public eye of his native State, as one of the leading men of the democratic party; and at the time when he enrolled his name as a Volunteer to fight the battles of his country, he was serving as a distinguished Senator in the Legislature of North Carolina, from Edgecombe county. Every one will recollect the difficulties thrown in the way of raising the North Carolina Regiment of Volunteers, (we will not in the present connection say by whom,) and that it was at one time doubted whether the Regiment could be made up. At this peculiar juncture, Col. Wilson—to enroll his name as a Volunteer from that County which had honored him with a seat in the Senate chamber of the State. The act was magical. In that County, Col. Wilson was loved for the noble and generous qualities of his heart—respected for the sterling and lofty attributes of his mind, and honored for the purity and integrity of his life.

His citizens, led on by such a bright example, flocked to the standard of their country, and in the space of a very few days Edgecombe county sent forth two full companies, composed of as gallant spirits as ever ranged themselves beneath the stars and stripes of our glorious Republic. This noble and devoted conduct of Edgecombe County gave an impulse to the people in other sections of the State, and the Regiment was finally raised. Col. Wilson went forth as the Captain of Company A, of the Edgecombe Volunteers.

Some appreciation of the spirit which animated Col. Wilson can be formed, when it is known that he was a man of a delicate constitution, far advanced in the years of age, and that in his home he was surrounded by all the comforts which wealth and ease can give. With a spirit of patriotism and devotion to his country which would have done honor to the Revolutionary days of the Republic, he disregarded all these circumstances which would have weighed heavily with most men, and went forth to a foreign land to meet the enemies of his country.

The President tendered to Col. Wilson a commission as Colonel of the 12th Regiment of Infantry; and we know from the most reliable source, that it was not till after the earnest and repeated urgings of his friends, and the unkind, and we may add, improper treatment of his superiors of the N. Carolina Regiment, that he consented to accept the appointment. As he said himself, he declined to leave the Edgecombe boys. They appeared in the light of children to him. He had been in no inconsiderable degree instrumental in inducing them to leave their homes. He did, however, accept the appointment, and was consequently, at the time of his death, indeed for some months previous, the Col. commanding the 12th Regiment of Infantry.

Col. Wilson intended to march as the commander of the escort of the train which left Vera Cruz on the 7th of August, but unfortunately he was stricken down with climatic fever, of which he expired on the 12th of the same month.

We were to follow the dictates of our own feelings, we would draw this notice to an unwarrantable length.

Col. Wilson's death is deeply mourned throughout the whole length and breadth of the State, as well by those who, when he was alive, were his political enemies as by those who were his political friends.

His kind, courteous, and gentlemanly manners

had endeared him to all those who had the pleasure of his personal acquaintance. To the people of Edgecombe County, however, will the calamity be the severest. There his private worth was known and appreciated. His memory is enshrined in their hearts; and whilst patriotism, worth and virtue are revered by them, that memory will be handed down to their children and their children's children, as a bright and a glorious beacon light to lure them on to the performance of all that is noble and praiseworthy in the citizen.

DEATH OF SILAS WRIGHT.—This distinguished statesman died suddenly of an apoplectic fit, at his residence in Canton, St. Lawrence county, N. York, on Friday last, the 27th inst. Mr. Wright was about 55 years of age at the time of his death.

The death of such a man as Silas Wright is a national calamity. His intellect—his services—his virtues—are the common property of the whole people of the Union, and their extinction by the ruthless hand of death cannot but be considered as a national loss of every thinking man in the Republic, no matter to what political party he belongs.

Mr. Wright has long occupied a position, as regards intellect, upon the same platform with such men as Calhoun, Webster, Benton, and Clay, and as a pure and patriotic statesman, we have long regarded him as occupying a niche far above most of them.

Silas Wright was not a politician in the ordinary acceptance of that term. He knew nothing about wire-working. As a statesman he was pure, disinterested and straightforward. He never was an office-seeker; indeed he has frequently refused to accept the very highest offices in the gift of the Federal Administration. In May '44, he declined the nomination of the Baltimore Democratic Convention on the ground, it was then supposed, of his personal relations to Mr. Van Buren, who was then a prominent candidate before that body. His last public position was the gubernatorial chair of his own State, (N. Y.)

As a statesman, Silas Wright had few equals, and in our opinion no superiors in the Union. In the Senate chamber of the Union he had no superior as an able reasoner, and as a ready and powerful debater. His loss will be severely felt by the Democratic party of the Union; for we believe that many had turned their eyes upon him as the next candidate for the Presidency.

Mr. Wright died a poor man. He leaves no family beyond his wife. He never had any children.

LIEUT. WHEELER.—We record with feelings of the deepest regret, the death of this young gentleman. Lieut. Wheeler was a native of this place, but had resided for some years past in the City of Raleigh, where he was connected with the "Standard" office. He died at Vera Cruz, on the 14th August.

OUR RAIL ROAD.—We have had placed on our table a pamphlet, accompanied by a map and profile of the Wilmington & Manchester Rail Road. The pamphlet itself, is partly explanatory of the map and profile, and partly for the purpose of placing before the community a clear and succinct view of the cost of the work, and the estimated income of the Road when constructed. We shall publish in our next number the material portions of the paper now before us. From reading it we are convinced that the stock must be more profitable than any other of a similar character in the Southern country. From every portion of the country through which this great enterprise is to be carried, we daily receive the most cheering accounts. The people are alive to its importance, and consequently the best spirit prevails. We feel no hesitation in saying that there now remains no doubt on our mind but that the work will be accomplished, and that, too, at a very early day.

"QUEER."—The Observer of Wednesday last puts a "quere" to our friend of the Carolinian, in which he asks him to publish Genl Taylor's letter recommending the advance of the Army to the left bank of the Rio Grande. That letter was written on the 4th of October, 1845, and our friend Bayne can have it published at any time.

BROWN.—Many of the Federal papers are publishing an article taken from "Brownson's Quarterly Review," which takes the Federal view of the present war with Mexico, viz:—that the said war was "uncalled for, impolitic, unjust," and that the President has trampled the Constitution under foot by producing this war on his "own hook," without the intervention of Congress. The Fayetteville Observer, amongst others, published this article of Brownson, and chuckles over it no little. At first the Observer gave the Democratic Review credit for the article, but finding out its mistake it says in its last number, that it (the article) comes from the pen of an "unfettered Democrat."

We do not know what Mr. Brownson's political tenets may be now. We do know, however, that some years ago, he was a regular contributor to the Democratic Review published in New York, and that the proprietors of that work were compelled to exclude him from its columns on account of the unsoundness of his political views. The Observer ought to know. We, for one, deny that "Brownson's Quarterly Review" is authoritative with the Democratic party. Its editor is an able, indeed, a powerful, writer; but those who have read his productions for some years past will know that he is any thing but stable in any of his opinions, whether political, religious or social.

Let Mr. Brownson's views of the war stand on their own bottom, but do not, Mr. Observer, in all fairness, endeavor to give them adventitious weight by representing their author as a leading friend of the Administration, when the facts will not bear you out.

A FREDICAMENT.—Really, we think that Santa Anna is in a pretty predicament. Some three months ago the Mexican Congress decreed that any man who would attempt to conclude a treaty of peace with Los Americanos on any terms, whilst the said Los Americanos were occupying any portion of the Mexican soil, would be deemed guilty of high treason, and dealt with accordingly. Well, now, Santa Anna, when the propositions came from Mr. Buchanan, laid them before Congress, with a view of avoiding this penal statute, but Congress was too smart for him, and, after considerable debate, referred the whole matter back to the Executive! What then, can the "Hero of Tampico" do? If he attempts to treat, this penal statute is in full force against him, and Congress will neither treat itself nor will it repeal the bloody decree. Truly, we opine, his Excellency, Mr. Santa Anna, is in a rather tight place.

The Fayetteville Observer is mistaken in stating that Col. L. D. Wilson was military Governor of Vera Cruz at the time of his death.

Is the Fayetteville Observer so stupid as to think that our remark about the Democrats writing the name of Neil instead of Aaron V. Brown upon their tickets, was made in dead earnest?

Gov. Brown, of Miss, has appointed Col. Jefferson Davis, United States Senator in place of Mr. Spaight, deceased. The appointment only extends to the meeting of the Legislature in January next; when, it is probable, the Col. will be tendered a full term.

PARADES.—The arrival of the exiled Mexican, Gen. Paredes, at Vera Cruz, and his making his way into the interior, under the nose of our authorities without being detected, is one of the most singular of the many singular incidents of this present Mexican war. That Paredes had friends in Vera Cruz who were apprized of his intended arrival in the British steamer "Teviot," and who were consequently prepared to aid his designs, there seems to be no doubt; but that he could escape the vigilance of our people in that city, seems a little curious, we must confess. Some of our contemporaries seem to censure Mr. Campbell, our Consul at the Havana, who was acquainted with the fact of his (Paredes) embarkation, for not sending a special messenger to "Vera Cruz," to look after the handsome Senator, as the New Orleans papers style him. Doubtless Mr. Campbell thought that his writing to the authorities, informing them of the movements of Paredes, would be sufficient; and we are inclined to think so too, had not the British commander of the "Teviot" aided and abetted him in his maneuvering. Be this as it may, there is no doubt but that Paredes is once more on the soil of that unfortunate Republic, from which he was so recently banished. What effect his arrival will produce on the present aspect of affairs, it would be difficult now to conjecture. Santa Anna is pledged to hang him if he can catch him; but it may be that Paredes will be able to raise a new party for himself that will be able to overthrow the present dictator. Time alone can develop these matters.

Dr. HAWKS, recently elected to the Presidency of William and Mary College, has accepted a prior offer made to him of the Presidency of the University of Louisiana. His combined salaries, raising the minimum rate of discount to 51 per cent, had revived all those discussions which in April last were so warmly agitated respecting the power of that establishment, and the prudence with which that power is exercised.

The French steamer Union hence arrived at Cherbourg, after a passage of 13 days.

New Call for Troops.—The War Department has just called for five new regiments, exclusive of the regiment from Ohio, which is already reported to be raised, and is now in the process of being mustered into the public service, and will, in a few days, be en route for Vera Cruz.

The five regiments now called for are to be drawn from the following States: Two regiments from Kentucky, two from Tennessee, and one from Indiana.

The regiments from Kentucky are to rendezvous at Louisville, and the other at Smithland, at the mouth of the Cumberland river.

The regiments from Tennessee are to rendezvous—one at Nashville, and the other at Memphis.

How TO RENDER MOSQUITOES NON-COMBATANT.—The Pittsburg Journal has at length discovered a sovereign preventive against the attack of mosquitoes, should it prove to be all that it professes, he deserves a public vote of thanks from the citizens of "these diggings." Be sure and get the genuine article, prepared by the "Shakers."

Try a small quantity of penny-royal—it is best prepared by the Shakers—put it in a box with a tight cover, and when night comes, and the hungry mosquitoes are flying about seeking whom to devour, uncover your box, and they will not venture in the room where the penny-royal (blessings on the old lady who first discovered the herb) may be. They will hover about the open window, buzzing about all sorts of vengeance, and whetting their nippers, but they will not dare to come in.

Shipwreck.—The Winyah Observer of Wednesday furnishes us with intelligence that the scho. James H. Hamilton, Scamons, from Wilmington, N. C., bound to Charleston, with a cargo of Naval Stores, sprang a leak a few days since, when the Captain attempted to go into Santee for a harbor. She missed ways on the bar and was driven ashore. She filled with water immediately, and will be a total loss, as will also the cargo. The crew are saved, and part of them were brought to Georgetown, on Tuesday, by the pilot boat John C. Baker, Capt. White.

Capt. White, picked up at sea, on Sunday last, the head board of a vessel marked "H. Price," in gold letters. This board was picked up off Cape Fear 20 miles from the light N. by E. [Southern Patriot.]

Eloquence Extraordinary.—Last week, John Ward, Jr., of Halifax, (Me) eloquently from his father's residence, with a young man, who followed the law, and who was married immediately after the parish church. The young man, who is in his 41st year, and the blooming bride about half his age. On the news being communicated to his venerable parent, he said: "It's all right; but if I had been a year or two younger, he shouldn't have had her; I had before him." [Philad. Bulletin.]

FINE WOOL.—At a meeting of the Farmers' Club in New York, Mr. Fleischmann made some remarks on the wool of Merinoes. He said:

The great desideratum to be obtained by the wool-growers is to produce such a staple as is demanded by the manufacturer. This is not well understood in this country, and it took forty years for the growers in Saxony to arrive at this knowledge, and then it was obtained only by a convention of the manufacturers and growers—a convention which he thought would be useful to us in this country. He described the various staples of wool, and he by twenty different staples, as he termed them, each determined by the curve, or formation of the hair of the wool. In the perfect staple, the hair curves in the manner of spiral thread or cork, equally from the foot to the surface, and of equal fineness from one end to the other. Variations from this were termed the pointed staple, the tufted staple, the broom staple, &c., all of which could not be so well wrought into fine fabric as the perfect staple. In the fine or perfect staple, there are about 10 curves to the inch, and the fleece is about 14 inches thick. The Germans have an instrument for measuring this staple. This fineness of wool, or the perfect staple, cannot be obtained at once. It took many years to attain it in Saxony. The number of these hairs to a square inch in a country sheep is about 5500; in a mixture of the merino with the country of the tenth generation, about 18,000; in the twentieth generation the fine wool predominates, the color is darker, and there is plenty of silk. In this generation there are 27,000 hairs to the square inch, and in the thirtieth generation and upwards, from 40,000 to 48,000 hairs. Mr. Fleischmann exhibited drawings of some of the sheep of the celebrated Von Saax.

BOAT SUNK.—We regret to learn that the Ren Berry, belonging to the Merchants' Company's Line, was sunk near Elizabethtown.—She was on her way up, loaded with Goods for merchants of this place. The amount of damage we have not been able to learn.

Observer, 2d inst.

WOOL.—The Pittsburg (Ohio) Sun says that many of the wool-growers in that vicinity have disposed of their late clip at an advance of from six to eight cents per pound, upon prices of last year.

Climate.—A singular fact is mentioned by Kendall in one of his letters from Mexico. He says that the Northern soldiers bear the climate of Mexico, better than the Southern.

A man who passes through life without making any fine mansion left by the builder unfinished. The half that is completed runs to decay from neglect, or becomes the best but a sorry tenement, wanting the addition of that which makes the whole useful. Your bachelor is only the moiety of a man, a sort of garish for a dish, or a prologue to a play; a bow without a fiddle.

FOREIGN.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin of Monday last.

TEN DAYS LATER.

BY "THE GUADALQUIVER."

Another Mexican crisis—Flour Falling—Cotton Firm.

The new steamship Guadalquivir, Captain Hoskins, arrived at New York yesterday morning from Liverpool. She left Liverpool at one o'clock on the afternoon of the 14th, and has therefore been over fourteen days on the passage.

The news of the greatest importance to the commercial community. There is another financial crisis in England, and several very extensive failures have taken place. The total amount of the liabilities of the various firms whose failures have been reported in the Corn Exchange, London, during the last previous week, was estimated at £1,300,000, or about \$6,500,000.

The following is a comparative statement of the prices current for breadstuffs in Liverpool on the 3d and 13th instants:

THE PRICES OF BREADSTUFFS IN LIVERPOOL.

American Wheat 7 6 a 9 2 8 6 a 9 6  
Indian Corn 25 0 a 25 0 25 0 a 30 0  
Indian Meal 13 0 a 13 0 13 0 a 13 0  
Western Flour 27 0 a 28 0 26 0 a 27 0

The Liverpool European Times of the 14th inst. states that by the last British Mail, shipwrecked at Boston upwards of £12,000 of protest bills for non-acceptance were returned.

It appears that the bills were drawn at New York for consignment for a London principal, but as the agent had exceeded his instructions they were dishonored.

Spain and Portugal continues as they were—state of confusion.

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in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine. None genuine, unless signed L. Butts on the wrapper. For sale, wholesale and retail, by Wm. SHAW, Wilmington, and by Druggists generally in North Carolina.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, in addition to being one of the best anti-bilious medicines in the world, possesses a power in removing pains which is truly astonishing. Four or five of said Indian Vegetable Pills, taken every night on an empty bed, will in a short time completely rid the body of those morbid humors which, if lodged in the liver, are the cause of pain in the side, sometimes extending through to the shoulder blade, difficulty of breathing, nausea and sickness, loss of appetite, costiveness, indigestion, flatulency, swarthy or yellow complexion, and other symptoms of an inflammation or torpid state of the liver.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills also thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels of all bilious humors, and other impurities, and therefore are a certain cure for colic, dysentery, cholera morbus, and every other disorder of the bowels. They also aid and improve digestion, and consequently give health and vigor to the whole frame, as well as break disease of every name from the body.

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